

*** انشاء الامبيراج * موضوع**

7- القدرة الكهربائية

بقية الامبيراج

$$P_{W1} = \frac{3^2}{1} = 9$$

⊖ (S11)

$$P_{W2} = \frac{3^2}{\frac{1}{2}} = 18 \text{ Watt}$$

$$P_{W3} = \frac{3^2}{2} = 4.5 \text{ Watt}$$

مقاوم

$$P_{W1} = \frac{VB^2}{R}$$

⊕ (S12)

مقاوم

$$P_{W2} = \frac{VB^2}{\frac{1}{2}R} = \frac{2VB^2}{R}$$

$$P_W = \frac{VB^2}{R}$$

* انشاء مقاومة

*** التورني يتولد اكبر قدرة ***

xcel
كسج

$I = \frac{V_B}{R + s}$ \textcircled{P} $\textcircled{C84}$

التيار قبل \leftarrow لزيادة المقاومة

1A2 \textcircled{C}

$\frac{1}{\omega C} = \frac{1}{\omega 81}$ \textcircled{P} $\textcircled{C10}$

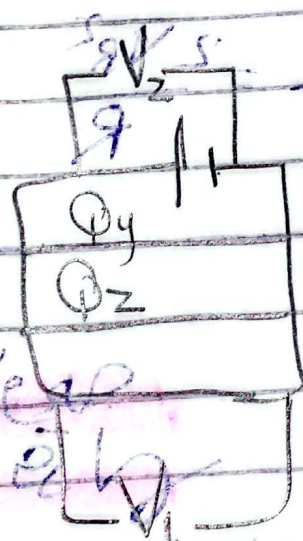
$\frac{1}{\omega C} = \frac{1}{\omega 9}$ \textcircled{P} $\textcircled{C17}$

"توالي"

2A2 \textcircled{P}

$\frac{1}{\omega C} = \frac{1}{\omega 9}$ \textcircled{P} $\textcircled{C15}$

$\frac{1}{\omega C} = \frac{1}{\omega 9}$ \textcircled{P} $\textcircled{C11}$



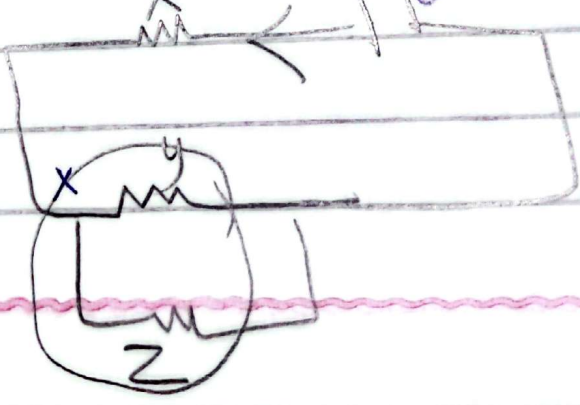
$\frac{1}{\omega C} = \frac{1}{\omega 9}$

4A2 \textcircled{L}

* زيادة المقاومة

* زيادة المقاومة

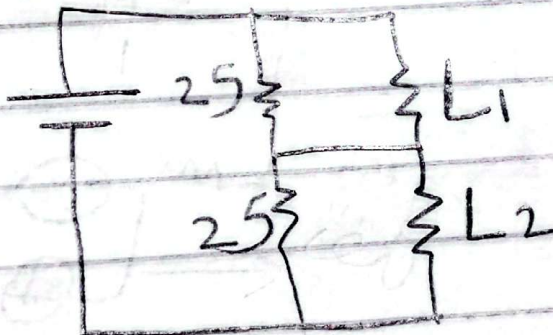
نقل
مقدار



٢٨٩ (٥)

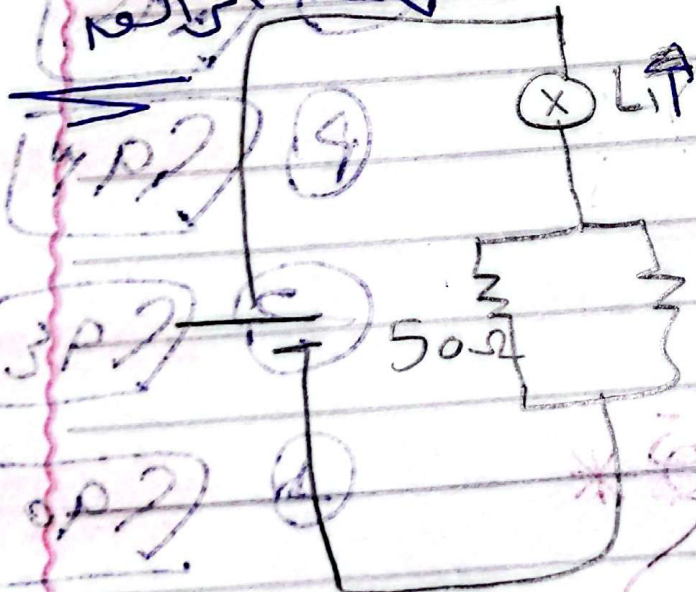
١١٩ (٢) V_2 → ثقل
ثابت
 V_1 → زرار

٢٩٠ (٧)



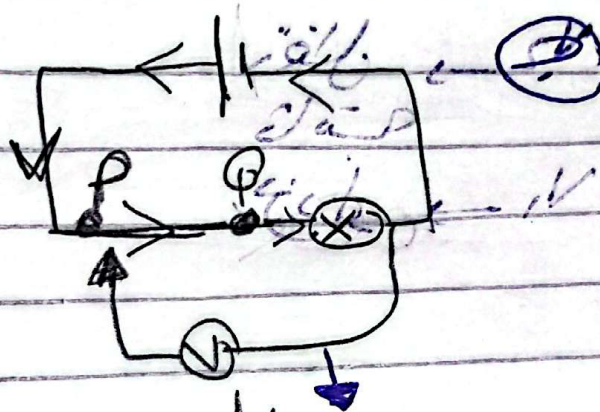
تسربك

تزداد الجهد

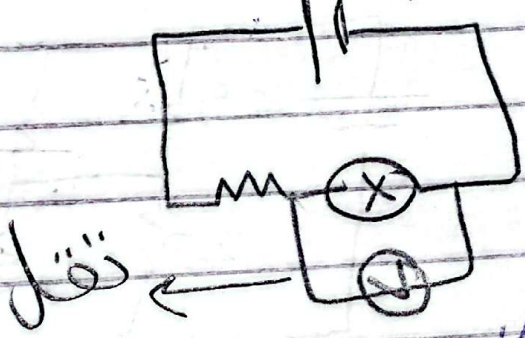


ثقل
وضا

٢٩١



زيادة الجهد
تقل المقاومة



٢٩٢

صلة في الدارة

٢٩٣

٢٩٤

٢٩٥

* توصيل توازي

أكثر كفاءة

$5.5 \times 10^{-5} = I \times 2 \Rightarrow$

997

$I^2 R = 0.5 \Rightarrow$

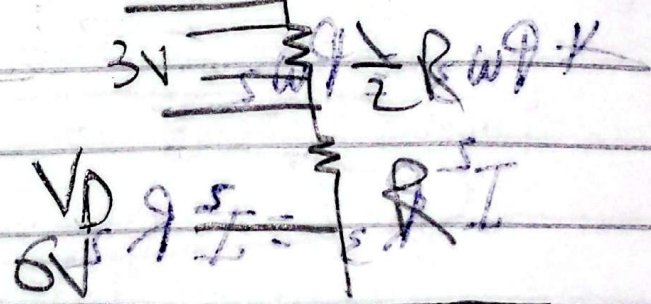
998

Power $P = I^2 R = (1)^2 \times 2 = 2 \text{ W}$

999

Power $P = I \times V = 1 \times 2 = 2 \text{ W}$

1.47



$I = 1 \text{ A}$

$R = \frac{4 \times 5}{4 + 5} = 2.2 \Omega$

1000

$I = 1 \text{ A}$

$P_W = I^2 R = 1^2 \times 2 = 2$

$P_W = I^2 R = 1^2 \times 3 = 3$

$I(4) = 1 \times 2.2$

$I_1 = 0.55 \text{ A}$

Q2) $5 \times I_2 = 1 \times 2.2$

$I_2 = 0.45A$

$P_{w4} = 0.55^2 (4) = 1.2 \text{ Watt}$

$P_{w5} = 0.45^2 * 5 = 1 \text{ Watt}$

* $P_{w3} = P_{w2}$

ب) P_{w1}

$I^2 R_3 = I^2 R_2$

$R_3 = R_2$

* $P_{w3} = P_{w1}$

$\frac{V_3^2}{R_3} = \frac{V_1^2}{R_1}$

$I_1 = I_3$

$\frac{(0.5V)^2}{R_3} = \frac{V}{36}$

$5.5 \times 1 = (4) I_1$

$I_1 = 1.375$

$$\frac{1}{4R_3} = \frac{1}{36} \quad R_3 = 9\Omega$$

(P) (4.2)

$$I_1(18) = I_2 \times 36$$

$$I_1 = 2I_2$$

$$* I = I_1 + I_2$$

$$I = 2I_2 + I_2$$

$$I = 3I_2 = 1.5A$$

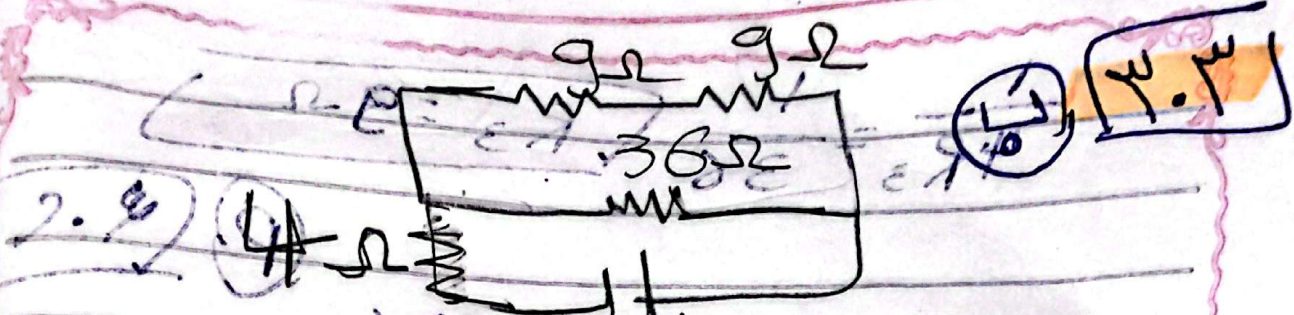
$$P_w = P_w \quad I \leftarrow (1) \cdot I = 1$$

$$I^2 \times R_4 = I_2^2 \times 36 \quad A1$$

$$(3I_2)^2 \times R_4 = I_2^2 \times 36$$

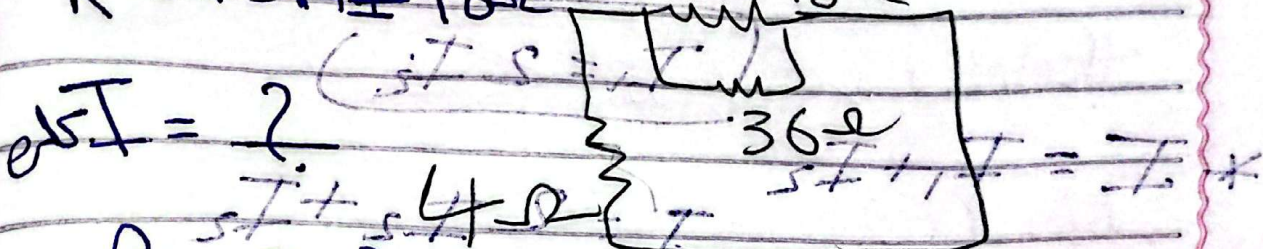
$$9 \times I_2^2 \times R_4 = I_2^2 \times 36$$

$$R_4 = 4\Omega$$



2. (2)

$R' = 12 + 4 = 16\Omega$



$e \cdot I = ?$

$P_{W4} = I^2 \cdot R_4 = 4$

$4 = I^2 \cdot (4) \rightarrow I = \sqrt{1} = 1A$

$1A \times 16\Omega = 16V$

$e \cdot I = 16V \times 1A = 16W$

$e \cdot I = 16V \times 1A = 16W$

$R_{th} = 16\Omega$

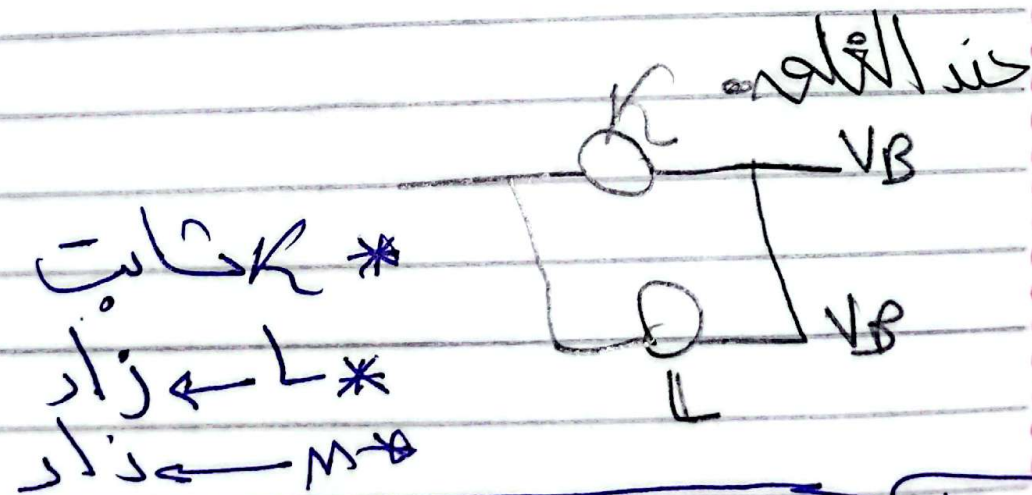
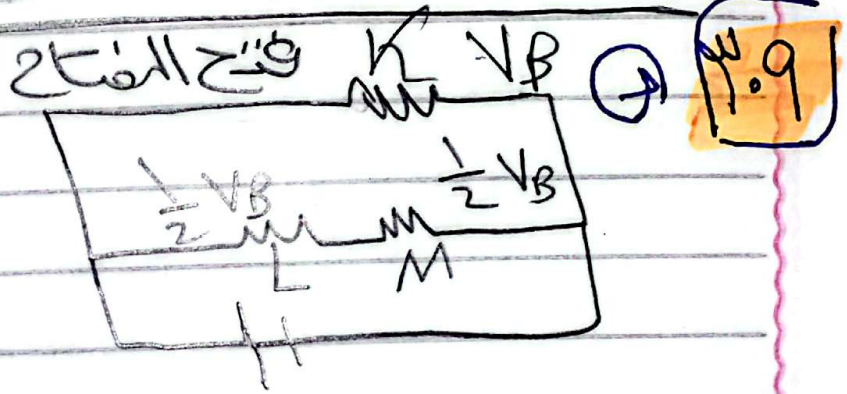


1.0

$P_A = P_B$
 $P_w = \frac{V_B^2}{R}$

$(200)^2 = \frac{(2000)^2}{3} \times 3 = 20W$

$\frac{1}{100} M$



$P_{wL} = \frac{(2/3 V_B)^2}{2R} = \frac{4 V_B^2}{18R}$

$= \frac{2}{9} \frac{V_B^2}{R} = 0.22 \frac{V_B^2}{R}$

$$P_{WM} = \frac{V_B^2}{3R} = 6.33 \frac{V_B^2}{R}$$

$$P_{WL} = \frac{(V_B/3)^2}{9R} = \frac{V_B^2}{9R} = 0.11 \frac{V_B^2}{R}$$

$P_{WM} > P_{WK} > P_{WL}$

* side
* side
* side

$(5/13) V_B = 1/13 V_B$
 $R = 0.55 \frac{V_B^2}{R}$